

Présentation de la Commission océanographique intergouvernementale (COI-UNESCO)

Par **Marie-Alexandrine Sicre**, DR CNRS, vice-présidente COI-UNESCO, ex-présidente du Scientific Committee on Oceanic Research - International Science Council



La mission de la COI-UNESCO

S T A T U T E S

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E S T A T U T O S

Y C T A B

Article 1 - The Commission

1. The Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission, hereafter called the Commission, is established as a body with functional autonomy within the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO).
2. The Commission defines and implements its programme according to its stated purposes and functions and within the framework of the budget adopted by its Assembly and the General Conference of UNESCO.

Article 2 - Purpose

1. The purpose of the Commission is to promote international cooperation and to coordinate programmes in research, services and capacity-building, in order to learn more about the nature and resources of the ocean and coastal areas and to apply that knowledge for the improvement of management, sustainable development, the protection of the marine environment, and the decision-making processes of its Member States.



Commission Océanographique Intergouvernementale (COI)



- 150 états membres
- 5 groupes électoraux
- La France fait partie du GE1 (24 pays)
- Conseil exécutif (40 EM) se réunit tous les ans, l'AG tous les deux ans (années impaires).
- Secrétariat exécutif (Vidar Helgesen depuis 2024)

GROUPINGS OF IOC MEMBER STATES FOR THE PURPOSE OF ELECTION TO THE IOC EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

The five electoral groups of the Commission (upon a total of 150 Member States since 5 April 2019) are composed as follows after the 28 June 2023 elections:

- Chairperson (country which the Chairperson is a national is also member of the Executive Council)
- Vice-chairperson (country which the vice-chairperson is a national is also member of the Executive Council)
- Other members of the Executive Council

Group I (10 ^a seats/24)	Group II (3 ^a seats/14)	Group III (9 seats/30)	Group IV (9 seats/35)	Group V (9 seats/47)
1. Austria 2. Belgium 3. Canada 4. Cyprus 5. Denmark 6. Finland 7. France (Marie-Alexandrine Sicre) 8. Germany 9. Greece 10. Iceland 11. Ireland 12. Israel 13. Italy 14. Malta 15. Monaco 16. Netherlands (Kingdom of the) 17. Norway 18. Portugal 19. Spain 20. Sweden 21. Switzerland 22. Türkiye 23. United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland 24. United States of America	1. Albania 2. Azerbaijan 3. Bulgaria (Nikolay Valchev) 4. Croatia 5. Czech Republic 6. Estonia 7. Georgia 8. Montenegro 9. Poland 10. Romania 11. Russian Federation (Alexander Frolov) 12. Serbia 13. Slovenia 14. Ukraine	1. Argentina 2. Bahamas 3. Barbados 4. Belize 5. Brazil 6. Chile 7. Colombia (Juan C. Forero Hauzeur) 8. Costa Rica 9. Cuba 10. Dominica 11. Dominican Republic 12. Ecuador 13. El Salvador 14. Grenada 15. Guatemala 16. Guyana 17. Haiti 18. Honduras 19. Jamaica 20. Mexico 21. Nicaragua 22. Panama 23. Peru 24. Saint-Kitts-and-Nevis 25. Saint Lucia 26. Saint Vincent and the Grenadines 27. Suriname 28. Trinidad and Tobago 29. Uruguay 30. Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of)	1. Afghanistan 2. Australia 3. Bangladesh 4. China 5. Cook Islands 6. Democratic People's Rep. of Korea 7. Fiji 8. India (Srinivas Kumar Tummala) 9. Indonesia 10. Iran (Islamic Republic of) 11. Japan (Yutaka Michida) 12. Kazakhstan 13. Kiribati 14. Malaysia 15. Maldives 16. Myanmar 17. Nauru 18. New Zealand 19. Niue 20. Pakistan 21. Palau 22. Papua New Guinea 23. Philippines 24. Rep. of Korea 25. Samoa 26. Singapore 27. Solomon Islands 28. Sri Lanka 29. Thailand 30. Timor-Leste 31. Tonga 32. Turkmenistan	1. Algeria 2. Angola 3. Benin 4. Cabo Verde 5. Cameroon 6. Comoros 7. Congo 8. Côte d'Ivoire 9. Dem. Rep. of the Congo 10. Djibouti 11. Egypt (Amr Zakaria Hamouda) 12. Equatorial Guinea 13. Eritrea 14. Ethiopia 15. Gabon 16. Gambia 17. Ghana 18. Guinea 19. Guinea Bissau 20. Iraq 21. Jordan 22. Kenya 23. Kuwait 24. Lebanon 25. Libya 26. Madagascar 27. Mauritania 28. Mauritius 29. Morocco 30. Mozambique 31. Namibia 32. Nigeria 33. Oman 34. Qatar 35. Saudi Arabia 36. Senegal 37. Seychelles

* Change of number of seats effective as from June 2011 elections

1/2 – Appendix II

Group I (10 ^a seats/24)	Group II (3 ^a seats/14)	Group III (9 seats/30)	Group IV (9 seats/35)	Group V (9 seats/47)
			33. Tuvalu 34. Vanuatu 35. Viet Nam	38. Sierra Leone 39. Somalia 40. South Africa 41. Sudan 42. Syrian Arab Rep. 43. Togo 44. Tunisia 45. United Arab Emirates 46. United Republic of Tanzania 47. Yemen

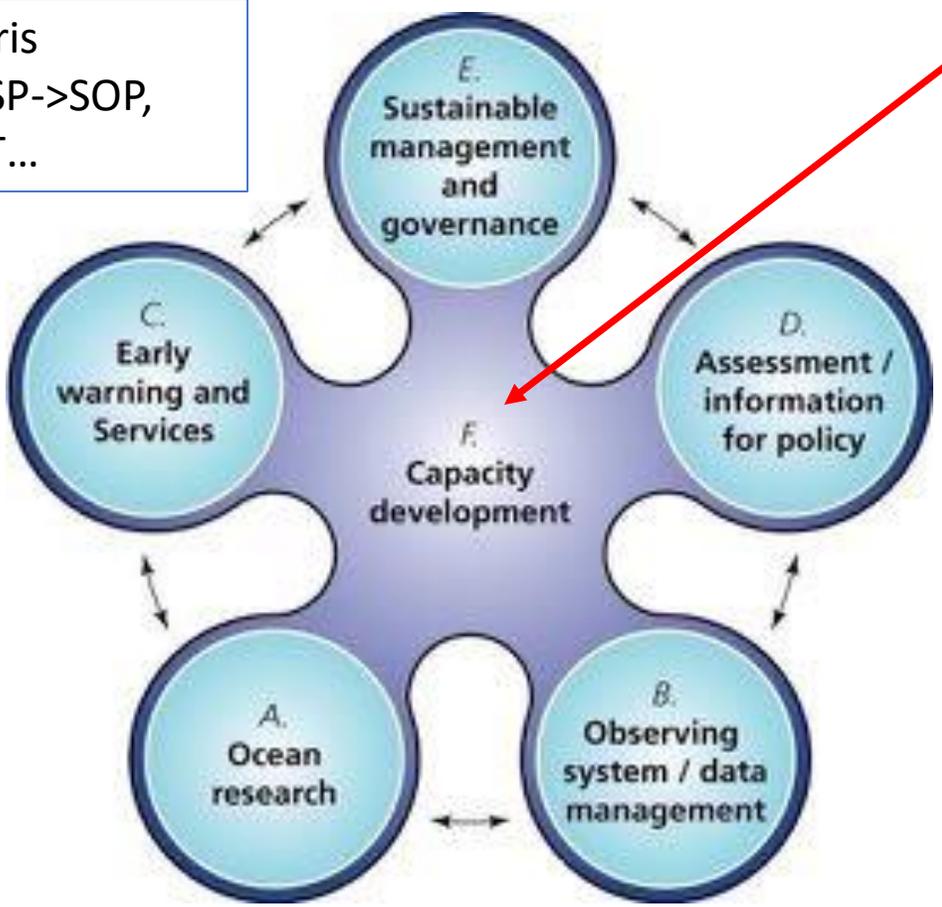


Les fonctions de l'IOC

Agenda 2030, UNFCCC+Paris agreement, BBNJ, CBD, MSP->SOP, Sendai, Coastal Zones, GPT...

Tsunami, HAB, Ocean prediction

Acidification, desoxygenation, HABs, multi-stressors, Long-time Series, Blue Carbon
WCRP, SCOR (IIOE-2), GOSR, StOR, Vision 2030...



OTGA, CD, Ocean Literacy, Education Communication

IPCC, WOA,SDG 14.3, SDG14.A

GOOS, GCOS, GLOSS, IODE, OBIS, GEBCO

charge de UNOD 2021-2030 (Alison)

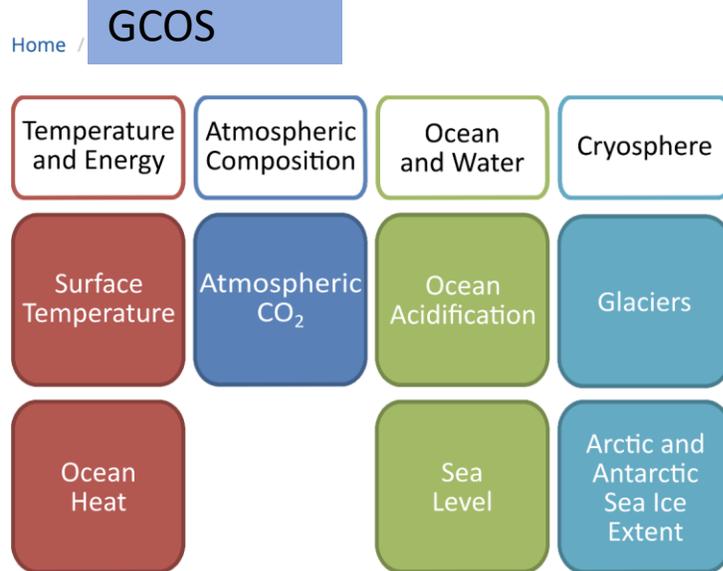
Sous-commissions régionales (IOCAfrica, IOCaribe, WESPAC, IOCINDIO)

Rapports

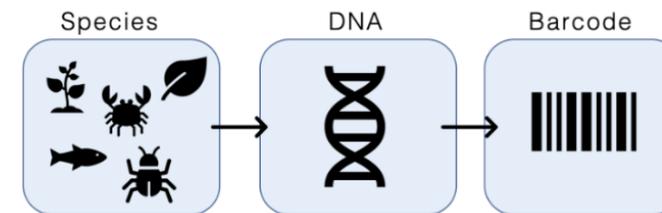
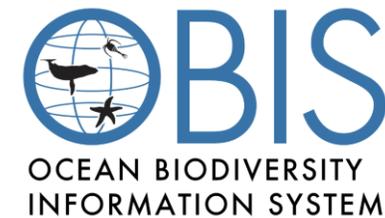


The Future of IOC....

GOOS (Global Ocean Observing System) & SOP



OBIS



GCOS 2022
implementation
plan and JSG-GCOS
(WMO, IOC, ISC &
UNEP)