RAINB CAN BIODIVERSITY DYNAMICS: INTERACTIONS BETWEEN ECOLOGICAL PROCESSES AND CONSERVATION ACTIONS

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CESAB'S ADVANCES

he tropical rain forests (TRF) of Africa contain an important level of biodiversity but are undergoing important shifts in response to ongoing global warming and related human actions. The conservation of this biodiversity will start with an appropriate and accurate understanding of plant species distribution and dynamics through time.

Data bases documenting species distributions are available but remain independent from each other impeding a concrete view of tropical rain forest biodiversity.

RAINBIO has a double objective in Central Africa:

1) Produce an open access platform containing an online database of accurate Central African TRF plant distributions. This database will be compiled from existing public and nonpublic datasets made available through the consortium.

2) Use this meta-database for large scale meta-data analyses, modeling numerous TRF species distributions at several time intervals (past and future) using species distribution modeling, past and future climate scenarios, and high-precision Central Africa environmental data. Our ambition will be to generate, with unprecedented accuracy, detailed scenarios of Central African TRF biodiversity dynamics, from the past and into the future. These data will form a permanent basis for an adequate biodiversity conservation strategy in the region, allowing better conservation assessments in the light of ongoing climate change.

APPROACH AND ADDED VALUE

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Thanks to the diversity of researchers involved in this project, RAINBIO will rely on a large number of databases generated over 20 years and financed by several large scale projects. These datasets will gather around half a million of georeferenced specimens in Central Africa representing distributional information of about 10,000 species. The fusion of the databases will be done under the same format allowing easy addition of future data.

ANTICIPATED RESULTS

The project will deliver an **online platform for Central** African rain forest biodiversity.

The users will be the scientific community, conservationists, NGO's, teachers from North and South, and the general public.

The platform will enable these users to:

1) Generate **future and past scenarios of biodiversity** dynamics in Central Africa

2) Identify and map regions of high conservation importance

3) Train African students and researchers in ecological niche modeling techniques

4) Publish a synthesis about tropical rain forest dynamics in Central Africa and the role of refugia in the conservation of plant biodiversity.



The FRB was launched in 2008 at the initiative of the ministry of research and the ministry for the environment of France, and was founded by 8 public research institutions (BRGM, CIRAD, CNRS, IFREMER, INRA, IRD, IRSTEA, MNHN). The FRB is a science-society platform and it supports POUR LA RECHERCHE SUR LA BIODIVERSITÉ and promotes scientific projects and expertise on biodiversity.

The CESAB is a centre for the synthesis and analysis of biodiversity created and developed by the FRB to foster knowledge on biodiversity through data and theoretical synthesis activities. CESAB provides researchers with the means to conduct these activities in a dedicated place over sustained periods of time.